



Backyard Composting

If you use a combination of kitchen scraps and yard waste, you can create a free and nutrient rich soil conditioner and reduce your household garbage by at least one-third!

How does it Work? Millions of tiny microscopic microbes, earthworms, and insects break down food and yard waste by eating the waste and turning it into compost.

Where do I put my Composter? In a sunny location away from large trees, and on bare soil.

What are the Benefits of Composting? Participating in composting will reduce the amount of odours in your home and garbage put to the curb; which in return saves money. Compost is an excellent source of micronutrients which are not normally found in commercial fertilizers. This compost can then be used to increase your soil capacity and add nutrients to your home garden.

What can and can't go into my composter?

Kitchen and **Yard** waste are acceptable:

- ✓ Fruit & Vegetable scraps
- ✓ Tea bags, coffee grounds and paper filter
- √ Stale bread and baked goods
- ✓ Paper towels or napkins
- ✓ Leaves, twigs and hedge clippings
- ✓ Plant trimmings and weeds
- ✓ Small amounts of grass
- ✓ Wood chips & Straw

Do NOT add any of the following:

- * Meat, fish or bones
- Any dairy products
- * Sauces, oils or fats
- ➤ Pet wastes or kitty litter
- Woodstove ashes
- Diseased plants or weeds with seed heads
- Persistent, tough weeds like crabgrass

Note: Items in the Do NOT list are compostable but they produce odours that would attract wild animals such as racoons, foxes, and other animals. So for a property in a city or town, composting these items would not be recommended. If interested in purchasing any of the two Compost Systems, please refer to Order Sheets on display. Also take a Seasonal Composting Guide. For more information on composting visit www.recyclecoach.com.